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10/579,845	05/17/2006	Walter Rosenbaum	2004P19118	5727
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			CHEN, GEORGE YUNG CHIEH	
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			3628	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/579.845 ROSENBAUM, WALTER Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit George Chen 3628 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 May 2010. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-5 and 7-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-5, 7-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (FTO/SB/08)

Attachment(s)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application.

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1. DETAILED ACTION

This communication is a final action in response to RCE filed on 05/03/2010. Claims 1-5,
 7-11 are pending.

3. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 05/03/2010 has been entered.

4. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all
 obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1, 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lubart
 (US 20050192913 A1) in view of Schoeffler (US 20010049745 A1), further in view of Pintsov et al. (hereinafter Pintsov, US 20020120668 A1).
- 7. As per claim 1, Lubart discloses a method of forwarding post, comprising the steps of:
 - scanning an address face of the post for a TAG ID (see at least Lubart, 0014, the follow me mail service allows a user to define where mail objects that are addressed to a registered pseudo name are delivered. a user can modify their profile, and see at least 0022, each profile and one or

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more sub profile comprise a valid date range defining when the profile and one or more sub profiles are active and therefore a user can set a date range for a mail service. And see at least 0078, if a mail object is sent as second class mail Hadley's franking profile is accessed and charged the small additional fee for use of the follow me service; see also 0013, the pseudo name is used as a unique key to access an associated user profile); ✓ consulting a database for records related to the TAG ID, wherein the records contain information indicating if said TAG ID is expired and if a redirection fee has been paid (see at least Lubart, 0014, the follow me mail service allows a user to define where mail objects that are addressed to a registered pseudo name are delivered, a user can modify their profile, and see at least 0022, each profile and one or more sub profile comprise a valid date range defining when the profile and one or more sub profiles are active and therefore a user can set a date range for a mail service. And see at least 0078, if a mail object is sent as second class mail Hadley's franking profile is accessed and charged the small additional fee for use of the follow me service; see also 0013, the pseudo name is used as a unique key to access an associated user profile. See also 0088, the payment could equally be by a postal service customer account with the user being billed on a monthly basis or by a mail service top up card with top up card containing a particular amount of monetary credit)

✓ if the forwarding service account is maintained, debiting the account
automatically in an appropriate amount and forwarding the post to an
addressee destination address in the forwarding service account (see at
least Lubart, 0014, the follow me mail service allows a user to define
where mail objects that are addressed to a registered pseudo name are
delivered, a user can modify their profile. And see at least 0078, if a mail
object is sent as second class mail Hadley's franking profile is accessed
and charged the small additional fee for use of the follow me service)

Lubart does not explicitly disclose

- ✓ the TAG ID is specific to the post
- ✓ if the destination TAG ID is expired, automatically determining if an addressee of the post maintains a forwarding service account

Schoeffler teaches:

✓ if the destination TAG ID is expired, automatically determining if an addressee of the post maintains a forwarding service account (see at least Schoeffler, 0028, the forwarding is implemented using an address which is known invalid. See also 0047, each old address must either be unique or have a key to distinguish it from other users. Further, see also 0088, the sender seeking to have a letter forwarded could send it to the forwarding

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service using the original address as an alias. If Jane has registered, that service will then forward the letter.)

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Schoeffler to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Schoeffler to the teaching of Lubart would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying if the destination TAG ID is expired, automatically determining if an addressee of the post maintains a forwarding service account to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that uses invalid address as an alias (Schoeffler, 0028).

Schoeffler also teaches that redirection is performed by placing the original postal mail into a new envelope after the original envelope has expired (see at least Schoeffler, 0088-0102, postal service has returned the letter because the forwarding order has expired. The sender could send it to the forwarding service. The original postal mail can be enclosed in a new envelope addressed to the forwarding service).

Pintsov teaches checking if mail piece ID specific to the post has been used to indicate if it has been processed before and perform forwarding service in accordance to the result of the checking (see at least Pintsov, 0076, initiates a search of the mailing identification file for the unique mailpiece identification. Thereafter a determination is made whether the number was

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used before. If the unique identification number was not used before, additionally, if a forwarding change of address code is involved, it is retrieved).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Pintsov to Schoeffler would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying Pintsov to the teaching of Schoeffler would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying the technique of applying unique mail piece ID to post and checking if the mail piece ID has been used to Schoeffler would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that saves the usage of additional envelope.

- 8. As per claim 7, Lubart discloses an apparatus for forwarding post, comprising:
 - ✓ means for scanning an address face of the post for a TAG ID and consulting a database for records related to the TAG ID, the records indicating said TAG ID is expired and if a redirection fee has been paid (see at least Lubart, 0014, the follow me mail service allows a user to define where mail objects that are addressed to a registered pseudo name are delivered. a user can modify their profile. and see at least 0022, each profile and one or more sub profile comprise a valid date range defining when the profile and one or more sub profiles are active and therefore a user can set a date range for a mail service. And see at least 0078, if a mail object is sent as second class mail Hadley's franking profile is accessed

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and charged the small additional fee for use of the follow me service; See also 0088, the payment could equally be by a postal service customer account with the user being billed on a monthly basis or by a mail service top up card with top up card containing a particular amount of monetary

means for automatically debiting said account in an appropriate amount and forwarding the post to an addressee destination address if said forwarding service account is maintained (see at least Lubart, 0014, the follow me mail service allows a user to define where mail objects that are addressed to a registered pseudo name are delivered. a user can modify their profile. And see at least 0078, if a mail object is sent as second class mail Hadley's franking profile is accessed and charged the small additional fee for use of the follow me service)

Lubart does not explicitly disclose

credit)

- ✓ the TAG ID is specific to the post
- if the destination TAG ID is expired, automatically determining if an addressee of the post maintains a forwarding service account

Schoeffler teaches:

if the destination TAG ID is expired, automatically determining if an addressee of the post maintains a forwarding service account (see at least Schoeffler, 0028, the forwarding is implemented using an address which is known invalid. See also 0047, each old address must either be unique or have a key to distinguish it from other users. Further, see also 0088, the sender seeking to have a letter forwarded could send it to the forwarding service using the original address as an alias. If Jane has registered, that service will then forward the letter.)

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One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Schoeffler to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Schoeffler to the teaching of Lubart would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying if the destination TAG ID is expired, automatically determining if an addressee of the post maintains a forwarding service account to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that uses invalid address as an alias (Schoeffler, 0028).

Schoeffler also teaches that redirection is performed by placing the original postal mail into a new envelope after the original envelope has expired (see at least Schoeffler, 0088-0102, postal service has returned the letter because the forwarding order has expired. The sender could send it to the forwarding service. The original postal mail can be enclosed in a new envelope addressed to the forwarding service).

10.

Pintsov teaches checking if mail piece ID specific to the post has been used to indicate if it has been processed before and perform forwarding service in accordance to the result of the checking (see at least Pintsoy, 0076, initiates a search of the mailing identification file for the unique mailpiece identification. Thereafter a determination is made whether the number was used before. If the unique identification number was not used before, additionally, if a forwarding change of address code is involved, it is retrieved).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Pintsoy to Schoeffler would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying Pintsoy to the teaching of Schoeffler would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying the technique of applying unique mail piece ID to post and checking if the mail piece ID has been used to Schoeffler would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that saves the usage of additional envelope.

- 9. Claims 2-3, 8-9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lubart in view of Schoeffler, further in view of Pintsov, even further in view of Nielsen.
- As per claim 2, Lubart discloses the method according to claim 1, but does not explicitly disclose further comprising the step of automatically offering a forwarding service account to said addressee if said addressee does not maintain a forwarding service account. Nielsen does not explicitly teach offering a forwarding service account to said addressee if said addressee does not maintain a forwarding service account. Nielsen, however, teaches offering a forwarding service

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to customer if said customer does not maintain a sufficient funded service account (see at least Nielsen, Fig. 3, step 315-323, wherein sender will be asked to pay for update if there is no sufficient fund in account).

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make the obvious variation from offering a forwarding service to customer if said customer does not maintain a sufficient funded service account to offering a forwarding service account to said addressee if said addressee does not maintain a forwarding service account because having the forwarding service would not take into effect if the account is under funded, as if the user has never registered in the first place.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Nielsen to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Nielsen to the teaching of Lubart would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying offering a forwarding service to customer if said customer does not maintain a sufficient funded service account to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that would allow more efficient process (see at least Nielson, column 1, line 33-47)

11. As per claim 3, Lubart further discloses the method according to claim 2, further comprising the step of not forwarding the post to an addressee destination address if said addressee does not maintain a forwarding service account (see at least Lubart, 0022, a user can

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set a date range for a mail service and after expiry of the date range the mail service will revert back to a predate range profile).

12. As per claim 8, Lubart discloses the apparatus according to claim 1, but does not explicitly disclose further comprising means for automatically offering a forwarding service account to said addressee if said addressee does not maintain a forwarding service account. Nielsen, however, teaches offering a forwarding service to customer if said customer does not maintain a sufficient funded service account (see at least Nielsen, Fig. 3, step 315-323, wherein sender will be asked to pay for update if there is no sufficient fund in account).

Therefore, it would have been obvious for one with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to make the obvious variation from offering a forwarding service to customer if said customer does not maintain a sufficient funded service account to offering a forwarding service account to said addressee if said addressee does not maintain a forwarding service account because having the forwarding service would not take into effect if the account is under funded, as if the user has never registered in the first place.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Nielsen to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Nielsen to the teaching of Lubart would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying offering a forwarding service to customer if said customer does not maintain a sufficient funded service account to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as

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resulting in an improved system that would allow more efficient process (see at least Nielson, column 1, line 33-47)

- 13. As per claim 9, Lubart further discloses the apparatus according to claim 2, further comprising means for not forwarding the post to an addressee destination address if said addressee does not maintain a forwarding service account (see at least Lubart, 0022, a user can set a date range for a mail service and after expiry of the date range the mail service will revert back to a predate range profile).
- 14. Claims 4, 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lubart in view of Schoeffler, further in view of Pintsov, even further in view of Nielsen, even more further in view of Kuebert et al. (hereinafter Kuebert, US 20020165729 A1).
- 15. As per claim 4, Lubart discloses the method according to claim 3, but does not explicitly disclose wherein said step of not forwarding further comprises the step of destroying the post. Kuebert teaches step of not forwarding further comprises the step of destroying the post (see at least Kuebert, 0055, alternatively, the sender may instruct the shipper to destroy mail item).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Kuebert to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Kuebert to the teaching of Lubart would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying the

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step of destroying the post to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that would be cheaper (Kuebert, 0055).

16. As per claim 10, Lubart discloses the apparatus according to claim 9, but does not explicitly disclose wherein said means for not forwarding further comprises means for destroying the post, Kuebert teaches means for not forwarding further comprises the means for destroying the post (see at least Kuebert, 0055, alternatively, the sender may instruct the shipper to destroy mail item).

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Kuebert to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Kuebert to the teaching of Lubart would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying the step of destroying the post to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that would be cheaper (Kuebert, 0055).

- 17. Claims 5, 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lubart in view of Schoeffler, further in view of Pintsov, even further in view of Nielsen, even more further in view of Kuebert, even more further in view of Webb (US 20040020978 A1).
- 18. As per claim 5, Lubart discloses the method according to claim 4, but does not explicitly disclose wherein said step of not forwarding further comprises a pre-selected time delay prior to destruction of said post. Webb teaches having a pre-selected time delay prior to destruction of

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said post (see at least Webb, 0003-0004, when the mail box door is closed, the process is started. The process run for a prescribed time sufficient to destroy any biological organisms. The process can start after an adjustable delay.)

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Webb to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Webb to the teaching of Lubart would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying having a pre-selected time delay prior to next action to ensure user having a pre-selected time delay prior to destruction of said post to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that would allow better safety.

19. As per claim 11, Lubart discloses the apparatus according to claim 10, but does not explicitly disclose wherein said means for not forwarding further comprises a pre-selected time delay prior to destruction of the post.

Webb teaches having a pre-selected time delay prior to destruction of said post (see at least Webb, 0003-0004, when the mail box door is closed, the process is started. The process run for a prescribed time sufficient to destroy any biological organisms. The process can start after an adjustable delay.)

One of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized that applying the known technique of Webb to Lubart would have yielded predictable results and resulted in an improved system. It would have been recognized that applying the technique of Webb to the teaching of Lubart Art Unit: 3628

would have yielded predictable results because the level of ordinary skill in the art demonstrated by the references applied shows the ability to incorporate such technique. Further, applying having a pre-selected time delay prior to next action to ensure user having a pre-selected time delay prior to destruction of said post to Lubart would have been recognized by one of ordinary skill in the art as resulting in an improved system that would allow better safety.

20. Response to Argument

- 21. Regarding Applicant's argument directed to prior art Lubart,
- 22. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- 23. Applicant's arguments are moot in view of new prior art Pintsov.

24. Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to George Chen whose telephone number is (571)270-5499. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thu 6:30-5:00 Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Hayes can be reached on (571)272-6708. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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/G.C./

/IGOR BORISSOV/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3628